

Sandbox | CMU CS Academy

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1 # HOW TO USE:
2 """Try pressing the enter key briefly
3 Hold the enter key until the tachometer stops increasing
4 Try pressing the spacebar/ holding the spacebar"""
5 # Some setup
6 app.stepsPerSecond = 60
7 app.background='grey'
8 # Beginning of drawing Tachometer components
9 # Covers and dots
10 Circle(200,200,200,fill=rgb(25, 25, 25))
11 Circle(200,55,16,fill=rgb(45, 45, 45))
12 Circle(138,74,4,fill=rgb(45, 45, 45))
13 # Draw MPG Limit
14 Arc(200,55,154,154,217,26,fill=None,border=rgb(225, 225, 0),borderWidth=5)
15 Arc(200,55,134,134,217,26,fill=None,border=rgb(225, 225, 0),borderWidth=5)
16 Arc(200,55,124,124,215,29,fill=rgb(25, 25, 25))
17 # Draw smaller tick marks with getPointInDir and Line
18 for i in range(32):
19     if (i % 5 != 0):
20         outerX, outerY = getPointInDir(200, 200, 44+i*7.2, 192)
21         innerX, innnerY = getPointInDir(200, 200, 44+i*7.2, 170)
22         Line(outerX, outerY,innerX, innnerY,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),lineWidth=5)
23 # Draw larger tick marks with getPointInDir and Line
24 for i in range(6):
25     outerX, outerY = getPointInDir(200, 200, 80+i*36, 192)
26     innerX, innnerY = getPointInDir(200, 200, 80+i*36, 160)
27     Line(outerX, outerY,innerX, innnerY,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),lineWidth=9)
28 # Draw tick marks for fuel meter
29 for i in range(6):
30     if (i % 4 != 0):
31         outerX, outerY = getPointInDir(200, 55, 100+i*20, 63)
32         innerX, innnerY = getPointInDir(200, 55, 100+i*20, 77)
33         Line(outerX, outerY,innerX, innnerY,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),lineWidth=5)
34 # Draw Numbers
35 Label('1',335,171,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=50)
36 Label('2',324,257,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=50)
37 Label('3',268,318,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=50)
38 Label('4',180,335,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=50)
39 Label('5',103,297,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=50)
40 Label('6',60,220,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=50)
41 Label('G/h',200,79,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=14)
42 Label('MPG',200,93,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=19)
43 Label('1',179,106,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=12)
44 Label('0.5',232,99,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=12)
45 Label('20',169,137,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=18)
46 Label('30',226,137,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=18)
47 Label('40',252,124,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=18)
48 Label('60',270,104,bold=True,fill=rgb(225, 225, 0),size=18)
49 # Draw 'redline'
50 Arc(200, 200, 400, 400, 273, 35, fill=rgb(225, 225, 0))
51 Arc(200, 200, 325, 325, 270, 41, fill=rgb(25, 25, 25))
52 # Draw screw dots
53 Circle(150,200,8,fill=rgb(45, 45, 45))
54 Circle(250,200,8,fill=rgb(45, 45, 45))
55 # Draw outside grey circle
56 Circle(200,200,202,fill=None,border=gradient('dimGray','black',start='right'),
57 borderWidth=12)
58 Circle(200,200,200,fill=None,border=gradient('lightGrey','dimGray',
59 start='right'),borderWidth=8)
60 # End of drawing Techometer components
61
62 # Draw the pointer and an invisible pointer opposite so it can rotate -
63 # - concentrically
64 pointer = Group(
65 Rect(194,200,12,180,fill=None),
66 Rect(194,30,12,170,fill=gradient(rgb(235, 195, 0),rgb(255, 255, 0),
67 rgb(235, 195, 0),start='left')),
68 RegularPolygon(200,27,7,3,fill=gradient(rgb(235, 195, 0),rgb(255, 255, 0),
69 rgb(235, 195, 0),start='left'))
70 )
71 # Draw pointer cover
72 Circle(200,200,27,fill=rgb(45, 45, 45))
73 # Draw a second pointer
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74 pointer0 = Group(
75 Rect(194,200,12,60,fill=None),
76 Rect(194,30,12,170,fill=gradient(rgb(235, 195, 0),rgb(255, 255, 0),
77 rgb(235, 195, 0),start='left')),
78 RegularPolygon(200,27,7,3,fill=gradient(rgb(235, 195, 0),rgb(255, 255, 0),
79 rgb(235, 195, 0),start='left'))
80 )
81 # Adjust height, and width then position of second pointer
82 pointer0.width = pointer0.width * .7
83 pointer0.height = pointer0.height * .6
84 pointer0.centerY = 55
85 pointer0.rotateAngle = 90
86
87 # Draw 'reflections' as overlay
88 Circle(200,200,190,fill=gradient('white','black'),opacity=17)
89 Circle(200,200,190,fill=gradient('black','black','black','white','black',
90 'black','black',start='left'),opacity=7,rotateAngle=-35)
91
92 # Create some globals to keep track of statuses between onKeyHold, -
93 # - onKeyRelease, and onStep functions
94
95 # Keeps track of weather or not the 'engine has been started and idling'
96 app.running = False
97 # Communicates from onKeyHold to conditionals in onStep
98 app.enterHeld = False
99 # Keeps track of 'engine Rotations Per Second' to use as a variable to rotate -
100 # - the pointer
101 app.rPM = 0
102 # Communicates from onKeyHold to conditionals in onStep
103 app.accel = False
104 # Helper for making the pointer wobble once in the 'redline'
105 app.wobbleHelper = False
106
107 # Make the app rotate the needle while enter or space is pressed
108 def onKeyHold(keys):
109     # Enter is used to 'start the engine', and once started will not work
110     if ('enter' in keys) and (app.running == False) and (app.rPM < 35):
111         app.rPM += 2
112     # if the engine is started space increases the RPMs when held
113     if ('space' in keys) and (app.running == True):
114         app.rPM += 3
115         app.accel = True
116 # part of a helper to determine weather the needle is increasing
117 def onKeyRelease(keys):
118     if ('space' in keys):
119         app.accel = False
120 # responds to held keys and increases the needle, or decreases needle
121 def onStep():
122     # if the enter key is held past ~900 RPM the engine 'starts'
123     if (app.rPM > 35):
124         app.running = True
125     # if the engine does not reach idle when enter is pressed it falls back to 0
126     if (app.rPM > 0) and (app.running == False):
127         app.rPM -= 1
128     # Make the needle rotation match the rPM variable (Which increases when -
129     # - space or enter is held)
130     pointer.rotateAngle = app.rPM+44
131     if (app.rPM < 250):
132         pointer0.rotateAngle = app.rPM*.57+105
133     if (app.rPM > 25) and (app.running == True):
134         app.rPM -= 1.5
135 # This following function makes the needle bounce back and forth while -
136 # - it is in the 'redline' and space is held
137 # Establishes where the 'redline' starts in reference to angle
138 if (app.rPM > 225) and (app.accel == True):
139     app.rPM -= 1.5
140     # These make it increase for a short bounded period, before -
141     # - decreasing for a short bounded period
142     if (app.rPM > 257) and (app.wobbleHelper == True):
143         app.wobbleHelper = False
144     elif (app.rPM < 230) and (app.wobbleHelper == False):
145         app.wobbleHelper = True
146     # Some helpers to randomize the up and down movement
147     if (app.wobbleHelper == True):
148         app.rPM += (randrange(1,36)/5)
149     else:

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app.rPM -= (randrange(1,36)/5)
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